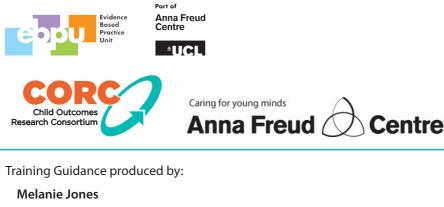
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Practitioner's Name practitioner's ID ... Service Allocated Current View Severe Time: CYP Name Mild 120 None DOB: Provisional Problem Description NHS ID: Anyious avail from caregivers (Separation anxiety) Anxious in social situations (Social anxiety/phobia) Rating need not imply a diagnosis Date: Anxious generally (Generalized anxiety) Compelled to do or think things (OCD) 2 Panics (Panic disorder) Avoids going out (Agoraphobia) 3 Repetitive Problematic behaviours (Habit problems) Avoids specific things (Specific phobia) 4 5 Depression/low mood (Depression) 6 10 self-Harm (self injury or self-harm) 12 Delusional beliefs and hallucinations (Psychosis) Extremes of mood (Bipolar disorder) 8 Drug and alcohol difficulties (Substance abuse) 14 Difficulties sitting still or concentrating (ADHDI/typeractivity) 11 Behavioural difficulties (CD or ODD) 13 Carer management of CIP behaviour (e.g., management of child) Poses risk to others Doesn't get to toilet in time (Elimination F 15 Disturbed by traumatic event (PTSI ۱6

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Katy Hopkins

Rebecca Kyrke-Smith

Roger Davies

Panos Vostanis

Miranda Wolpert

on behalf of the PbR in CAMHS project* http://pbrcamhs.org/

*This guide was produced in consultation with the CAMHS PbR project group as part of the training materials for the CAMHS Payment by Results pilot project but is applicable to anyone using the Current View tool for example as part of CYP IAPT or CORC⁺.

CAMHS

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Current View Tool Completion Guide

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INTRODUCTION TO THE CURRENT VIEW TOOL

The 'Current View' tool asks you to rate a number of presenting problems, complexity and contextual problems and school, work or training difficulties according to your understanding of their presence/impact upon the CYP at that time.

Components of the Current View

The Current View tool begins with an initial Case Identification section and is then divided into four components:

- Provisional Problem Descriptions
- Selected Complexity Factors
- Contextual Problems
- EET (education, employment or training) Difficulties

What Information should I Use to Complete the Current View?

Your completion of the Current View tool should draw on **all of the information you have available to you** about the CYP's difficulties **at that point in time**, however incomplete this may be.

Typical information you may expect to draw on includes:

- **Meeting with CYP and family**: Any discussion and/or reflections from the assessment you conduct when meeting with the CYP and their family.
- **Pre-meeting networking/liaison:** Any information from the referral and/ or any networking liaison activity completed prior to the first meeting (e.g. telephone conversations with other health professionals, teachers or with the family themselves; details from previous clinical notes; school or other reports from external sources).
- Patient Reported Outcome Measures (PROMS) and clinician rated measures: If PROMS questionnaires (e.g. SDQ, RCADS, DAWBA) and/ or clinician ratings of functioning (e.g. CGAS) have been completed and

CYP N	ame		Practitioner's Name							Please indicate your reason for completing this form:				
DOB:					Practit	ioner's ID						First Co	ontact	
NHS I	D:				Servic	e Allocat	ed Case	ld				Chang Situati	ed	
			\frown									Chang	ed	
Date:	00/00/2000	Time:	\cup	h		m						Under	standing	t
	Provisional Problem Description	None	Mild	aderate	Severe	Not known		SELECT				Yes	No	Not
1	Rating need not imply a diagnosis Anxious away from caregivers (Separation anxiety)			hu	-	KIIOWII		COMPLI			5		, ,,	KNOWN
2	Anxious in social situations (Social anxiety/phobia)						1	Looked	after chi	ld		ļ		
			Ll		- Ll		2	Young c	arer stat	us				
3	Anxious generally (Generalized anxiety)						3	Learning	a disabili	tv		İ —	1 1 1	-
4	Compelled to do or think things (OCD)				L					nealth iss			l Ll 7 7 7 7 7 7	
5	Panics (Panic disorder)						4	(includir	ig chroni	c fatigue))	ĻL		
6	Avoids going out (Agoraphobia)						5	Pervasiv Disorder	e Develoj s (Autism	omental /Asperge	er's)			
7	Avoids specific things (Specific phobia)						6	Neurolo	gical issu	Jes			1 [·
8	Repetitive problematic behaviours (Habit problems)	(e.g. fics of fourettes)								L	l Ll	,		
9	Depression/low mood (Depression)				L		7	Current	protecti	on plan		L		
10	Self-Harm (Self injury or self-harm)						8	Deemed of social					[[]]	
11	Extremes of mood (Bipolar disorder)		9 Refugee or asylum seeker			1	-							
12	Delusional beliefs and hallucinations (Psychosis)				9 Refugee or asylum seeker 10 Experience of war, torture or trafficking							-		
13	Drug and alcohol difficulties (Substance abuse)								5					
14	Difficulties sitting still or concentrating (ADHD/Hyperactivity)						11	Experier or negle	nce of ab	use		_	1 🗂	
15	Behavioural difficulties (CD or ODD)						12	Parental	health i	SSUES				
16	Poses risk to others							Contact		sucs				
17	Carer management of CYP behaviour (e.g., management of child)						13		ustice Sy	stem				
18	Doesn't get to toilet in time (Elimination problems)						14	Living ir	n financia	al difficul	ty			
19	Disturbed by traumatic event (PTSD)								CONTE	XTUAL				1
20	Eating issues (Anorexia/Bulimia)								None	Mild	PRO	ALE	Severe	Not
21	Family relationship difficulties				 				None	Mild	Wo		Severe	known
22	Problems in attachment to parent/carer				- L		F							
23	(Attachment problems) Peer relationship difficulties						W	HOOL, ORK or						
	Persistent difficulties managing relationships with													
24	others (includes emerging personality disorder)						COM							
25	Does not speak (Selective mutism)						SE ENGA	RVICE						
26	Gender discomfort issues (Gender identity disorder)				-				ATION/	EMPLO	YMEI	NT/TR	AINING	
27	Unexplained physical symptoms		<u> </u>				ATTE	NDANCE	[[-			
28	Unexplained developmental difficulties		<u> </u>		ATTENDANCE DIFFICULTIES				L					
29	Self-care Issues (includes medical care management, obesity)							INMENT			Г			
30	Adjustment to health issues						DIFF	ICULTIES						L

scored at that time, then these will also provide valuable additional perspectives to draw on in understanding the case and thus in completing the Current View tool.

Rating the Current View

- Problem Descriptions are rated according to severity of impact (none, mild, moderate, severe).
- Selected Complexity Factors are considered for presence: Yes/No
- Contextual Problems are rated according to severity of impact (none, mild, moderate, severe).
- EET Difficulties are rated according to the extent to which attendance and attainment difficulties deviate from the "norm" (defined as the optimal performance that might be expected for that CYP as determined by current understanding of their abilities).

Deciding on Ratings

The emphasis is on having a clear rationale for a rating. This may be based on reflections from a discussion with the CYP, their family and other professionals and/or PROMS data. For example, sufficient rationale might be "We had a conversation about school. They didn't mention that there were problems with attendance. On the basis of this conversation I am able to make an assumption that there are no problems with attendance".

It is very important to be familiar with the definitions of all of the items on the form when deciding on ratings. A full list of definitions is provided later in this guide.

Selecting "Not Known"

For the four components of the tool you have the option of selecting "Not known". You should use this option only when you feel that aspect of the case has not yet been adequately assessed for you to be able to make a "None" rating.

The "Not known" response should not be used where you are deciding between mild and moderate or between moderate and severe. In these instances we would ask you to make your best guess between these two ratings and use the option to update the form as necessary. In some cases, you may find that you have quite a few "Not known" responses early on in a case. This is OK; however this pattern should prompt you to consider completing additional updated forms to take account of new additional information and an increased greater understanding of the case.

Rating Impact (Problem Descriptions and Contextual Problems)

We would like you to consider impact in terms of both impairment in functioning and level of distress in the CYP (and where relevant, their family). Please note that this rating should be made with reference to the general population and not with reference to the clinical groups with which you are used to working.

CYP Name	Name						Practitioner's Name							
DOB:					Practiti	ioner's ID						<u>ipleting th</u> Contact		
NHS ID:					Servic	e Allocato	ed Case	ld			Char			
											Char	iged		
Date:	/ / 20	Time:		h		m					Unde	erstandin	g	
Provisio	nal Problem Description	None	Mild	Woderate	Severe	Not		SELECT	ED		Y	es No	Not	
	not imply a diagnosis	,	,	Hoo	ji	known		COMPLI	EXITY F	ACTORS	;	IS NU	known	
1 Anxious	away from caregivers (Separation anxiety)						1	Looked	after chil	d				
2 Anxious	n social situations (Social anxiety/phobia)						2	Young c	arer statı	IS				
3 Anxious	generally (Generalized anxiety)													
4 Compell	ed to do or think things (OCD)						3		g disabili					
5 Panics (P	anic disorder)						4	Serious p (includin	ohysical h ig chronio	ealth issu fatigue)	ies			
6 Avoids g	ping out (Agoraphobia)						5	Pervasive	e Develop s (Autism	mental Asperger	·'c)			
7 Avoids s	pecific things (Specific phobia)								gical issu	1 5				
8 Repetitiv	e problematic behaviours (Habit problems)						6	(e.g. Tics	or Toure	tte's)				
9 Depressi	on/low mood (Depression)						7	Current	protectio	n plan				
10 Self-Harr	n (Self injury or self-harm)						8		d "child in service i					
11 Extreme	s of mood (Bipolar disorder)						9							
12 Delusion	al beliefs and hallucinations (Psychosis)						9		or asylu					
13 Drug and	alcohol difficulties (Substance abuse)						10	Experier or traffic	nce of wa :king	r, torture				
14 Difficulti (ADHD/H	es sitting still or concentrating lyperactivity)						11	Experier or negle	nce of ab	use				
	ral difficulties (CD or ODD)	m					12		health is	cu.oc				
16 Poses ris	< to others						12			sues				
	nagement of CYP behaviour nagement of child)						13	Contact Youth Ju	with ustice Sys	tem				
	et to toilet in time (Elimination problems)						14	Living in	n financia	l difficult	у			
19 Disturbe	d by traumatic event (PTSD)						4		CONTE		PROBLE	AC		
20 Eating is	ues (Anorexia/Bulimia)						••••••		None	Mild	ABIALE		Not	
	lationship difficulties								None	Mild	Mou	Severe	known	
	in attachment to parent/carer						H							
(Attachn	ent problems)						W	HOOL, ORK or						
24 Persister	t difficulties managing relationships with													
others (ii	cludes emerging personality disorder)													
	speak (Selective mutism)						SE ENGA	RVICE AGEMENT						
	liscomfort issues (Gender identity disorder)							EDUC/	ATION/E	MPLOY	MENT/T	RAINING	i	
	ned physical symptoms						ATTE	NDANCE						
Calf care	ned developmental difficulties				DIFFICULTIES									
	medical care management, obesity)			ATTAINMENT										
30 Adjustm	ent to health issues					<u> </u>	DIFF	ICULTIES			Lund			

	GUIDANCE ON IMPACT RA	ATINGS
CAMHS PbR IMPACT category	These are broad definitions for guidance and should be Each Problem should be rated independently If Functioning and Distress levels differ, then select the	2
	FUNCTIONING at INDIVIDUAL or FAMILY LEVEL	DISTRESS of CHILD/YOUNG PERSON
NONE	There may be transient difficulties and 'everyday' worries that occasionally get out of hand (e.g. mild anxiety associated with an important exam, occasional 'blow-ups' with siblings, parents or peers) but CYP is generally secure and functioning well in all areas (at home, at school, and with peers).	No distress or noticeable difficulties in relation to this problem.
MILD	Symptoms cause occasional disruption but do not undermine functioning and impact is only in a single context . All/most age appropriate activities could be completed given the opportunity. The CYP may have some meaningful interpersonal relationships.	Distress may be situational and/or occurs irregularly less than once a week. Most people who do not know the CYP well would not consider him/her to have problems but those who do know him/her well might express concern.
MODERATE	Functioning is impaired in at least one context but may be variable with sporadic difficulties or symptoms in several but not all domains.	Distress occurs on most days in a week. The problem would be apparent to those who encounter the CYP in a relevant setting or time but not to those who see the CYP in other settings.
SEVERE	CYP is completely unable to participate age- appropriately in daily activities in at least one domain and may even be unable to function in all domains (e.g. stays at home or in bed all day without taking part in social activities, needing constant supervision due to level of difficulties, no longer managing self-care).	Distress is extreme and constant on a daily basis . It would be clear to anyone that there is a problem.

Cu	rrent View										
CYP N	ame				Practiti	oner's Na	ame .		Please in for compl	licate you	ur reason
DOB:					Practiti	oner's ID	.		First Co		s Iorini:
									Chang		
NHS II):			•	Service	Allocat	ed Case	d	Situatio	on	
Date:	00/00/2000	Time:	OC) h ()	n			Unders	tanding	<u>,</u>
	Provisional Problem Description Rating need not imply a diagnosis	None	Mild Ho	Berate	Severe	Not known		SELECTED COMPLEXITY FACTORS	Yes	No	Not known
1	Anxious away from caregivers (Separation anxiety)						1	Looked after child			
2	Anxious in social situations (Social anxiety/phobia)						2	Young carer status			
3	Anxious generally (Generalized anxiety)						2	Toung carer status			
4	Compelled to do or think things (OCD)						3	Learning disability			
5	Panics (Panic disorder)						4	Serious physical health issues (including chronic fatique)			
6	Avoids going out (Agoraphobia)						5	Pervasive Developmental Disorders (Autism/Asperger's)			
7	Avoids specific things (Specific phobia)						6	Neurological issues			
8	Repetitive problematic behaviours (Habit problems)							(e.g. Tics or Tourette's)			
9	Depression/low mood (Depression)						7	Current protection plan			
10	Self-Harm (Self injury or self-harm)						8	Deemed "child in need" of social service input			
11	Extremes of mood (Bipolar disorder)						9	Refugee or asylum seeker			
12	Delusional beliefs and hallucinations (Psychosis)							Experience of war, torture			
13	Drug and alcohol difficulties (Substance abuse)						10	or trafficking			
14	Difficulties sitting still or concentrating (ADHD/Hyperactivity)						11	Experience of abuse or neglect			
15	Behavioural difficulties (CD or ODD)						12	Parental health issues			
16	Poses risk to others							Contact with			
17	Carer management of CYP behaviour (e.g., management of child)						13	Youth Justice System			
18	Doesn't get to toilet in time (Elimination problems)						14	Living in financial difficulty			
19	Disturbed by traumatic event (PTSD)							CONTEXTUAL PR	OBLEMS	;	
20	Eating issues (Anorexia/Bulimia)							None Mild	Moderate	Severe	Not known
21	Family relationship difficulties						-				
22	Problems in attachment to parent/carer (Attachment problems)						SC				
23	Peer relationship difficulties										
24	Persistent difficulties managing relationships with others (includes emerging personality disorder)						CON				
25	Does not speak (Selective mutism)						SE				
26	Gender discomfort issues (Gender identity disorder)						ENGA	AGEMENT			
27	Unexplained physical symptoms							EDUCATION/EMPLOYM	ENT/TR/	AINING	
28	Unexplained developmental difficulties							NDANCE ICULTIES			
29	Self-care Issues (includes medical care management, obesity)						ATT4	INMENT			
30	Adjustment to health issues							ICULTIES			

HOW TO COMPLETE THE CURRENT VIEW TOOL

Case Identification Information

This section of the form begins by asking you to provide some case identifying information (e.g. CYP name, date of birth, NHS ID, Service ID and practitioner details).

The form also asks you to complete the current date and time. This information is needed to distinguish between several contacts taking place in one day.

Finally, you need to indicate the reason you are completing the form, either that this is following first contact, or that an update is being provided by you (or someone else) following new circumstances or revised information.

Rate the Problem Descriptions

- Identify those problems on the Problem Description list relevant to your case.
- Consider each item in turn in terms of the **extent to which it is impacting** on the CYP's functioning and/or distress (tick your rating on the form).
- Consider all the non-rated items and decide whether they are "None" (adequately assessed) or "Not known" (to be assessed) – tick to indicate this.

Sometimes it will be difficult to determine whether you should be rating a problem as 'none' or 'not known'. When making this decision, please consider the following:

- Whether this problem is likely to be concurrent with a more obviously presenting problem
- Whether you would routinely ask about this problem (given their age, gender, presentation)
- Whether this CYP is in a high risk group for this problem (given their age, gender, presentation).

CYP N	ame		. Practitioner's Name							Please indicate your reason for completing this form:				
DOB:					Practit	ioner's ID						t Con	-	
NHS I	D:				Servio	e Allocat	ed Case	Id				angeo Jatior		
	\bigcirc										Ch	angeo		
Date:	00/00/2000	Time:		h		m					UII	Jeista	inding	
	Provisional Problem Description	None	Mild	. Loderate	Severe	Not known		SELECTI		CTOD	-	Yes	No	Not known
1	Anxious away from caregivers (Separation anxiety)					- MILVING	1		after chile		>			KIIOWII
2	Anxious in social situations (Social anxiety/phobia)							LOOKEU		4				
3	Anxious generally (Generalized anxiety)						2	Young c	arer statu	IS				
4	Compelled to do or think things (OCD)						3	Learning	g disabilit	У				
5	Panics (Panic disorder)						4	Serious p (includin	ohysical h ig chronic	ealth issu	ies			
6	Avoids going out (Agoraphobia)						5		e Develop s (Autism/					
7	Avoids specific things (Specific phobia)								s (Autism/ gical issu		r's)			
8	Repetitive problematic behaviours (Habit problems)						6	(e.g. Tics	or Toure	es tte's)				
9	Depression/low mood (Depression)						7	Current	protectio	n plan				
10	Self-Harm (Self injury or self-harm)						8	Deemec of social	l "child in service i	need" nput				
11	Extremes of mood (Bipolar disorder)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		9 Refugee or asylum seeker									
12	Delusional beliefs and hallucinations (Psychosis)				European of the statement									
13	Drug and alcohol difficulties (Substance abuse)						10	or traffic	king	r, corcure				
14	Difficulties sitting still or concentrating (ADHD/Hyperactivity)						11	Experier or negle	nce of abi ct	use				
15	Behavioural difficulties (CD or ODD)						12	Parental	health is	sues				
16	Poses risk to others						13	Contact	with					
17	Carer management of CYP behaviour (e.g., management of child)						15	Youth Ju	istice Sys	tem				
18	Doesn't get to toilet in time (Elimination problems)						14	Living in	financia	difficul	.y			
19	Disturbed by traumatic event (PTSD)								CONTE	KTUAL	PROBL	EMS		
20	Eating issues (Anorexia/Bulimia)								None	Mild	Moderat	Se	vere	Not known
21	Family relationship difficulties						F							
22	Problems in attachment to parent/carer (Attachment problems)						sc							
23	Peer relationship difficulties						TR.							
24	Persistent difficulties managing relationships with others (includes emerging personality disorder)						CON							
25	Does not speak (Selective mutism)						SE							
26	Gender discomfort issues (Gender identity disorder)				ENGAGEMENT EDUCATION/EMPLOY			MENT	TDA	NING				
27	Unexplained physical symptoms				ATTENDANCE				AVICIN I)	TAM	Danka			
28	Unexplained developmental difficulties													
29	Self-care Issues (includes medical care management, obesity)				ATTAINMENT									
30	Adjustment to health issues						DIFF							

DEFINITIONS OF PROBLEM DESCRIPTIONS

These definitions are for general guidance purposes only and should be considered within an age-appropriate context and with reference to cultural norms where appropriate. The examples given are not exhaustive.

1. Anxious away from care givers (Separation anxiety)

Excessive and inappropriate anxiety on separation from primary care giver(s); nightmares about separation and physical (somatic) symptoms are common. May manifest as school refusal.

2. Anxious in social situations (Social anxiety/phobia)

Strong fear of social and performance related situations e.g. starting conversations, joining in with games, completing homework, taking tests or answering question in class. Anxiety may be present in situations with same-age peers and/ or adults and is likely to be expressed by avoidance of such situations.

3. General anxiety (generalised anxiety)

Recurring fears and worries on a wide variety of topics (e.g. school work, family, natural disasters). These worries are difficult to control or dismiss and signs may include restlessness, irritability, tiredness, disrupted sleep and concentration problems.

4. Compelled to do or think things (OCD)

Recurrent involuntary or uncontrollable thoughts or images (obsessions) and/or uncontrollable urges to perform certain behaviours (e.g. checking, counting, hand-washing).

5. Panics (Panic Disorder)

Frequent episodes of extreme fear and discomfort which occur unexpectedly and when no known feared stimulus is present, often accompanied by shortness of breath and fast heartbeat. Not restricted to just one situation or set of circumstances; commonly characterised by anticipatory fear of panicking.

6. Avoids going out (Agoraphobia)

Avoids or becomes frightened in open spaces or public places; may have a 'safe zone', usually including (but not restricted to) their home, which they will be reluctant to leave. Panic is a common feature of this problem.

7. Avoids specific things (Specific phobia)

Extreme and inappropriate fear in response to specific objects or situations. Common fears include animals (e.g. spiders), natural environment (e.g. heights), blood/injection/injury and situational fears (e.g. aeroplanes).

8. Repetitive problematic behaviours (Habit problems)

CYP shows repetitive patterns of behaviour of which they appear unaware and/or unable to control (e.g. severe nail-biting, Trichotillomania (hair pulling), skin picking).

9. Depression/low mood (Depression)

Low or sad mood (either reported or observed). May report being less active, and having less energy. May also find it hard to concentrate and not enjoy the things they used to do. Changes to appetite and sleeping pattern are common.

10. Self-harm (Self injury or self-harm)

CYP deliberately attempts to (or reports wanting to) hurt themselves (e.g. by cutting, biting, hitting and burning). Also includes attempted or threatened suicide and/or suicidal ideation.

CYP N	ame		Practit	ioner's Na		Please indicate your reaso for completing this form:							
DOB:					Practit	ioner's ID					- First	Contact	
NHS I):				Servic	e Allocat	ed Case	Id			Chan Situa		
											Chan	iged	
Date:	00/00/2000	Time:		h		m					Unde	erstandir	1g [i
	Provisional Problem Description	None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Not		SELECT	ED		Ye	es No	Not
	Rating need not imply a diagnosis	None	milu	H100.	Jevere	known		COMPLI	EXITY F/	ACTORS	Te	5 INO	known
1	Anxious away from caregivers (Separation anxiety)						1	Looked	after chile	d			
2	Anxious in social situations (Social anxiety/phobia)						2	Young c	arer statu	IS			
3	Anxious generally (Generalized anxiety)												
4	Compelled to do or think things (OCD)						3	Learning	g disabilit	У			
5	Panics (Panic disorder)						4	Serious ı (includir	ohysical h Ig chronic	ealth issu : fatigue)	es		
6	Avoids going out (Agoraphobia)						5	Pervasive	e Develop s (Autism/	mental	6) T		
7	Avoids specific things (Specific phobia)										5)		
8	Repetitive problematic behaviours (Habit problems)						6 Neurological issues (e.g. Tics or Tourette's)						
9	Depression/low mood (Depression)						7	Current	protectio	n plan			
10	Self-Harm (Self injury or self-harm)						8	Deemed of social	f "child in service i	need" nput			
11	Extremes of mood (Bipolar disorder)						9		or asylu				
12	Delusional beliefs and hallucinations (Psychosis)						3						
13	Drug and alcohol difficulties (Substance abuse)				10 Experience of war, torture or trafficking								
14	Difficulties sitting still or concentrating (ADHD/Hyperactivity)						11	Experier or negle	nce of ab	Jse			
15	Behavioural difficulties (CD or ODD)						12		health is				
16	Poses risk to others						12			sues			
17	Carer management of CYP behaviour						13	Contact Youth Ju	with ustice Sys	tem			
18	(e.g., management of child) Doesn't get to toilet in time (Elimination problems)						14	Living ir	n financia	l difficult	/		
19	Disturbed by traumatic event (PTSD)				i			_					
	-										ROBLEN		Not
20 21	Eating issues (Anorexia/Bulimia)								None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	known
21	Family relationship difficulties Problems in attachment to parent/carer						÷						
	(Attachment problems)	I			Ll		SC						
23	Peer relationship difficulties Persistent difficulties managing relationships with						TR						
24	others (includes emerging personality disorder)						CON						
25	Does not speak (Selective mutism)						SE ENG						
26	Gender discomfort issues (Gender identity disorder)							EDUC	ATION/5	MPLOY	MENT/T	PAININ	5
27	Unexplained physical symptoms								ATION/E	IMP LOY		PUINING	
28	Unexplained developmental difficulties							NDANCE ICULTIES					
29	Self-care Issues (includes medical care management, obesity)						ATTAINMENT						
30	Adjustment to health issues							ICULTIES					

DEFINITIONS OF PROBLEM DESCRIPTIONS

11. Extremes of mood (Bipolar disorder)

CYP has (either reported or observed) difficulties affecting feelings and behaviour characterised by major mood changes.

12. Delusional beliefs and hallucinations (Psychosis)

CYP has (either reported or observed) paranoid thoughts, delusions and/or confused thinking.

13. Drug and alcohol difficulties (Substance abuse)

CYP is addicted to and/or using drugs/alcohol in a harmful manner.

14. Difficulties sitting still or concentrating (ADHD/Hyperactivity)

Difficulties with attention and/or hyperactivity, impulsive behaviour is also common. May move around a lot, fidget, be easily distracted or have trouble waiting their turn.

15. Behavioural difficulties (CD or ODD)

Repeated and persistent challenging or out of control behaviour, may include behaviour that is violent, aggressive and harmful to others. Typical behaviours may include excessive fighting, bullying, cruelty to people or animals, stealing, truancy, tantrums, disobedience and fire-setting.

16. Poses risk to others

Threatened or actual violence towards others, including inappropriate sexualised behaviour.

17. Carer management of CYP behaviour (e.g. management of child)

Parents are unable to manage/cope with aspects of the CYP's behaviour (e.g. sleep (in infants), toilet training (in toddlers), tantrums (in middle childhood), challenging behaviour (in adolescence)).

18. Doesn't go to the toilet in time (Elimination problems)

Unable to reach the toilet in time or goes to the toilet in inappropriate places (either on purpose or accidentally). This includes defecation (encopresis), urination (enuresis) and smearing.

PLEASE NOTE: In order to be classified as an elimination problem, the CYP must be at least 4 (defecation) or 5 (urination) years old (or equivalent developmental level).

19. Disturbed by traumatic event (PTSD)

Extreme and prolonged distress following witnessing or experiencing a traumatic event (e.g. rape, assault, death, serious accident, natural disaster). This may be expressed through disrupted sleep, nightmares, repetitive play in which the event is re-enacted (fully or in part), avoidance of stimuli associated with or refusal to talk about the event.

20. Eating issues (Anorexia/Bulimia)

Preoccupation with body image and weight accompanied by disturbed eating behaviours (e.g. food restriction, purging, bingeing, over-exercising).

21. Family relationship difficulties

Problems within the family (e.g. arguments, high conflict between family members, high expressed emotion, inappropriate levels of involvement, adjustment difficulties).

22. Problems in attachment to parent/carer (Attachment problems)

Difficulty forming or maintaining relationships with primary care giver(s) which has implications for relationships with key people in their life going forward.

CYP N	ame		Practit	ioner's Na	ame .		Please indicate your reason for completing this form:							
DOB:					Practit	ioner's ID					Fi	irst Co	ntact	
NHS II):				Servic	e Allocat	ed Case	Id				hange ituatio		
											C	hange	d	
Date:	00/00/2000	Time:		h		m					U	nderst	tanding	J [
	Provisional Problem Description			Moderate		Not		SELECT	ED					Not
	Rating need not imply a diagnosis	None	Mild	Mode	Severe	known		COMPLI	EXITY F	ACTORS	5	Yes	No	known
1	Anxious away from caregivers (Separation anxiety)						1	Looked	after chil	d				
2	Anxious in social situations (Social anxiety/phobia)						2	Young c	arer statı	IS				
3	Anxious generally (Generalized anxiety)						~	roung c	arer state					
4	Compelled to do or think things (OCD)						3	Learning	g disabilit	y				
5	Panics (Panic disorder)						4	Serious p (includin	ohysical h ig chronic	ealth issu : fatigue)	les			
6	Avoids going out (Agoraphobia)						5	Pervasive	e Develop s (Autism,	mental				
7	Avoids specific things (Specific phobia)										rs)			
8	Repetitive problematic behaviours (Habit problems)						6	(e.g. Tics	gical issu or Toure	es tte's)				
9	Depression/low mood (Depression)						7	Current	protectio	n plan				
10	Self-Harm (Self injury or self-harm)						8	Deemed	f "child in	need"				
11	Extremes of mood (Bipolar disorder)			o of social service input										
12	Delusional beliefs and hallucinations (Psychosis)					9 Refugee or asylum seeker								
13	Drug and alcohol difficulties (Substance abuse)						10	Experier or traffic	nce of wa :king	r, torture				
14	Difficulties sitting still or concentrating (ADHD/Hyperactivity)						11	Experier or negle	nce of ab	use				
15	Behavioural difficulties (CD or ODD)						12		health is	sues				
16	Poses risk to others							Contact						
17	Carer management of CYP behaviour (e.g., management of child)						13		ustice Sys	tem				
18	Doesn't get to toilet in time (Elimination problems)						14	Living in	n financia	l difficult	y			
19	Disturbed by traumatic event (PTSD)								CONTE	KTUAL	PROB	LEMS		
20	Eating issues (Anorexia/Bulimia)								None	Mild	Mode	ate s	evere	Not known
21	Family relationship difficulties						-							KIIOWII
22	Problems in attachment to parent/carer (Attachment problems)													
23	Peer relationship difficulties						W							
24	Persistent difficulties managing relationships with others (includes emerging personality disorder)						CON							
25	Does not speak (Selective mutism)						SE							
26	Gender discomfort issues (Gender identity disorder)						ENGA							
27	Unexplained physical symptoms				EDUCATION/EMPLO			MPLOY	MEN	T/TRA	INING			
28	Unexplained developmental difficulties						ATTENDANCE DIFFICULTIES							
29	Self-care Issues (includes medical care management, obesity)													
30	Adjustment to health issues						ATTAINMENT DIFFICULTIES							

DEFINITIONS OF PROBLEM DESCRIPTIONS

23. Peer relationship difficulties

Problems relating to peers (e.g. difficulties integrating into available peer groups, difficulties forming or maintaining friendships, conflicts in relationships). May also include problematic or inappropriate romantic or sexual relationships.

24. Persistent difficulties managing relationships with others (includes emerging personality disorder)

On-going difficulties relating to others usually linked with aggression, self-harm or difficulties with expressing and/or regulating emotion.

25. Does not speak (selective mutism)

Is able to speak and understand language but chooses not to do so in one or more contexts (e.g. school, at the homes of certain relatives).

26. Gender discomfort Issues (GID)

Extreme discomfort associated with anatomical gender. Repeated insistence that they are (or want to be) the opposite gender.

27. Unexplained physical symptoms

Regular reporting of physical symptoms that have no known biological cause and are suspected to be psychological in nature (e.g. unexplained pain, stomach and headaches, hypochondriasis).

28. Unexplained developmental difficulties

CYP presenting with failure to meet developmental milestones. These are of as yet unknown cause and could be of physical and/or psychological origin (e.g. feeding, sleeping, movement or language problems). Include Pica and suspected Pervasive Developmental Disorder.

29. Self-care issues (includes medical care management, obesity)

Difficulties in managing diet (e.g. over-eating), medical care regime (e.g. insulin regime) or personal care (e.g. hygiene issues).

30. Adjustment to health issues

CYP experiencing emotional and/or behavioural difficulties following diagnosis of health condition in self or significant other. This may also include on-going adjustment difficulties.

CYP N	ame		Practit	ioner's Na	Please indicate your reason for completing this form:							
DOB:			Practit	ioner's ID				First	Contact			
NHS I	D:				Servic	e Allocate	ed Case	ld			nged ation	
Date:	00/00/2000	Time:		h		m				Cha Und	nged erstandir	ıg
	Provisional Problem Description Rating need not imply a diagnosis	None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Not known	٢	SELECTED COMPLEXI	TY FACTOR	s ¹	'es No	Not known
1	Anxious away from caregivers (Separation anxiety)						1	Looked afte	r child	ſ		1
2	Anxious in social situations (Social anxiety/phobia)									r L		
3	Anxious generally (Generalized anxiety)						2	Young carer	status	ĻL		
4	Compelled to do or think things (OCD)						3	Learning dis	ability			
5	Panics (Panic disorder)						4	Serious phys (including ch	ical health iss nronic fatigue	ues		
6	Avoids going out (Agoraphobia)						5		velopmental utism/Asperge			1
7	Avoids specific things (Specific phobia)							Neurologica		rs)	l L	3 L3
8	Repetitive problematic behaviours (Habit problems)						6	(e.g. Tics or		ĻL		
9	Depression/low mood (Depression)						7	Current prot	tection plan]
10	Self-Harm (Self injury or self-harm))					8 Deemed "child in need" of social service input					I
11	Extremes of mood (Bipolar disorder)				9 Refugee or asylum seeker		, T		1 []]			
12	Delusional beliefs and hallucinations (Psychosis)								of war, tortur	-		
13	Drug and alcohol difficulties (Substance abuse)						10	or trafficking		e		
14	Difficulties sitting still or concentrating (ADHD/Hyperactivity)						11	Experience or neglect	of abuse]
15	Behavioural difficulties (CD or ODD)						12	Parental hea	alth issues	Γ		1
16	Poses risk to others							Contact wit	'n	r		-
17	Carer management of CYP behaviour (e.g., management of child)						13	Youth Justic	e System			
18	Doesn't get to toilet in time (Elimination problems)						14	Living in fin	ancial difficul	ty		
19	Disturbed by traumatic event (PTSD)							CO	NTEXTUAL	PROBLE	MS	
20	Eating issues (Anorexia/Bulimia)							N	one Mild	Moderate	Severe	Not known
21	Family relationship difficulties						-					
22	Problems in attachment to parent/carer (Attachment problems)						- SC					
23	Peer relationship difficulties						W TR					
24	Persistent difficulties managing relationships with others (includes emerging personality disorder)						COM					
25	Does not speak (Selective mutism)						<u>SE</u>					
26	Gender discomfort issues (Gender identity disorder)						ENG <i>i</i>	AGEMENT				
27	Unexplained physical symptoms				EDUCATION/EMPLOY			YMENT/1	RAINING	ā		
28	Unexplained developmental difficulties				ATTENDANCE DIFFICULTIES							
29	Self-care Issues (includes medical care management, obesity)											
30	Adjustment to health issues							ICULTIES				

Decide if any Complexity Factors are Present

The complexity factors selected for use in this form have been chosen by expert consultation as being likely to be some of the more relevant indicators of resource use. These are factors that fall outside of the mental health problem or diagnosis, but that may need to be considered when thinking about the amount of resource required to work towards a positive outcome.

- Identify those factors on the Selected Complexity Factors list relevant to your case and indicate their presence (tick "Yes").
- Consider all non-marked items and decide whether they are "None" (adequately assessed) or "Not known" (require further assessment) – tick to indicate this.

Additional Guidance

Complexity factors should be rated based on the clinician's best judgement as to whether they are objectively present. That is, based on the factual information you have. They should be rated only if currently present, with the following exceptions:

- Refugee/Asylum seeker, Experience of war torture or trafficking and Experience of abuse or neglect should be rated if they occured at any point in the CYP's life
- Contact with the Youth Justice System should be rated if repeated.

CYP N	ame		. Practitioner's Name							Please indicate your reason for completing this form:				
DOB:					Practit	ioner's ID					First	Conta	act	
NHS II					Servic	e Allocat	ed Case	Id			···· Situ Cha	nged ation nged		
Date:	00/00/2000	Time:		h		m					Und	erstar	iding	<u>_</u>
	Provisional Problem Description	None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Not known		SELECT		4 6700	- 1	/es	No	Not known
1	Rating need not imply a diagnosis Anxious away from caregivers (Separation anxiety)			<i>h</i> .		KIIOWII					• 			KIIVWII
2	Anxious in social situations (Social anxiety/phobia)						1	Looked	after chi	Id	Ļ			
3	Anxious generally (Generalized anxiety)						2	Young c	arer stat	us				
4	Compelled to do or think things (OCD)						3	Learning	g disabili	ty	Г		r	
5	Panics (Panic disorder)						4	Serious p	ohysical h	nealth issu	Jes			
6	Avoids going out (Agoraphobia)								-	c fatigue)				
7	Avoids specific things (Specific phobia)				5 Pervasive Developmental Disorders (Autism/Asperger's					r's)				
8	Repetitive problematic behaviours (Habit problems)				6 Neurological issues (e.g. Tics or Tourette's)									
9	Depression/low mood (Depression)						7	Current	protecti	on plan	Г	_	[]	
10	Self-Harm (Self injury or self-harm)						8 Deemed "child in need"				F			
11	Extremes of mood (Bipolar disorder)				of social service input						L			
12	Delusional beliefs and hallucinations (Psychosis)				9 Refugee or asylum seeker		r L							
13	Drug and alcohol difficulties (Substance abuse)				10 Experience of war, torture or trafficking		e [
14	Difficulties sitting still or concentrating						11	Experier	nce of ab	use				
15	(ADHD/Hyperactivity) Behavioural difficulties (CD or ODD)							or negle						
16	Poses risk to others						12	Parental	health i	ssues				
17	Carer management of CYP behaviour						13	Contact Youth Ju	with ustice Sys	stem				
18	(e.g., management of child) Doesn't get to toilet in time (Elimination problems)						14	Living in	n financia	al difficul	ty			
19	Disturbed by traumatic event (PTSD)												hh	harring
20	Eating issues (Anorexia/Bulimia)										PROBLE Moderate			Not
20	Family relationship difficulties								None	Mild	Mooe	Seve	re	known
22	Problems in attachment to parent/carer						F							
22	(Attachment problems) Peer relationship difficulties						SC							
24	Persistent difficulties managing relationships with													
	others (includes emerging personality disorder)						CON							
25	Does not speak (Selective mutism)						SE ENG/							
26	Gender discomfort issues (Gender identity disorder)				EDUCATION/EMPLOY		MENT/1	RAIN	ING					
27	Unexplained physical symptoms				ATTENDANCE									
28	Unexplained developmental difficulties Self-care Issues				DIFFICULTIES									
29	(includes medical care management, obesity)				ATTAINMENT DIFFICULTIES									
30	Adjustment to health issues						DIFF	COLITES						

DEFINITIONS OF COMPLEXITY FACTORS

These definitions are for general guidance purposes only and should be considered within an age-appropriate context and with reference to cultural norms where appropriate. The examples given are not exhaustive.

1. Looked after CYP

Include CYP who are under section 20, special guardianship or kinship care, or subject to a care order (either temporary or long term).

2. Young carer status

CYP is responsible for the care of a family member. This may be due to a parent or sibling being incapacitated through physical or psychological disorder/disability and/or substance abuse. Common responsibilities include physical and personal care of family member, managing budgets and medication, interpreting and providing emotional support.

3. Learning disability

CYP must have diagnosis of a moderate, severe or profound learning disability. Do not include CYP with a specific learning difficulty (e.g. Dyslexia) without a comorbid learning disability.

4. Serious physical health issues (Including Chronic Fatigue)

CYP has a physical illness, disease, injury or impairment that requires continuing input and treatment from a healthcare provider (e.g. diabetes, epilepsy, tuberous sclerosis, autoimmune disorders).

5. Pervasive Developmental Disorders (Autism/Asperger's)

Developmental disorders that affect cognitive and social functioning and often include difficulties with social interaction, communication and flexibility of thought (e.g. Autistic Spectrum Disorders, Rett's Disorder).

6. Neurological issues (e.g. tics or Tourette's)

Neurological disorders that manifest physically (e.g. Tic disorder, Tourette's). Include Cerebral Palsy and speech and language disorders.

7. Current protection plan

CYP is subject to a current child protection plan.

8. Deemed "child in need" of social service input

CYP has been identified by professionals as needing local authority services to achieve or maintain a reasonable standard of health or development and/or to prevent significant or further harm to health or development. This includes CYP who are classed as disabled. Include CYP who are deemed in need of local authority input but are currently below threshold for acceptance of the referral.

CYP N	ame		Practiti	oner's Na		Please indicate your reason for completing this form:				
DOB:				Practiti	oner's ID			First Co	ontact	
NHS II):			Service	Allocate	ed Case I	d	Chang Situatio	ed	
								Change	ed	
Date:	00/00/2000	Time:			n			Unders	tanding	l
	Provisional Problem Description	None	Mild Holerate	c	Not		SELECTED	Yes	No	Not
	Rating need not imply a diagnosis	None	Mild Hoo.	Severe	known		COMPLEXITY FACTORS	Tes	NO	known
1	Anxious away from caregivers (Separation anxiety)					1	Looked after child			
2	Anxious in social situations (Social anxiety/phobia)					2	Young carer status			
3	Anxious generally (Generalized anxiety)									
4	Compelled to do or think things (OCD)					3	Learning disability			
5	Panics (Panic disorder)					4	Serious physical health issue (including chronic fatigue)	s		
6	Avoids going out (Agoraphobia)					5	Pervasive Developmental Disorders (Autism/Asperger's)			
7	Avoids specific things (Specific phobia)						Neurological issues	/ L		
8	Repetitive problematic behaviours (Habit problems)					6	(e.g. Tics or Tourette's)			
9	Depression/low mood (Depression)					7	Current protection plan			
10	Self-Harm (Self injury or self-harm)					8	Deemed "child in need" of social service input			
11	Extremes of mood (Bipolar disorder)					9				
12	Delusional beliefs and hallucinations (Psychosis)					9	Refugee or asylum seeker		. L	
13	Drug and alcohol difficulties (Substance abuse)					10	Experience of war, torture or trafficking			
14	Difficulties sitting still or concentrating (ADHD/Hyperactivity)					11	Experience of abuse or neglect		-	
15	Behavioural difficulties (CD or ODD)					12	Parental health issues			
16	Poses risk to others						Contact with			
17	Carer management of CYP behaviour (e.g., management of child)					13	Youth Justice System			
18	Doesn't get to toilet in time (Elimination problems)					14	Living in financial difficulty			
19	Disturbed by traumatic event (PTSD)						CONTEXTUAL PI	ROBLEMS		
20	Eating issues (Anorexia/Bulimia)						None Mild	Moderate	Severe	Not
21	Family relationship difficulties							<i>w</i> .		known
22	Problems in attachment to parent/carer (Attachment problems)									
23	Peer relationship difficulties					W				
24	Persistent difficulties managing relationships with others (includes emerging personality disorder)									
25	Does not speak (Selective mutism)					SE				
26	Gender discomfort issues (Gender identity disorder)					ENGA				
27	Unexplained physical symptoms						EDUCATION/EMPLOYN	/IENT/TR/	INING	
28	Unexplained developmental difficulties						NDANCE CULTIES			
29	Self-care Issues (includes medical care management, obesity)					ATTA	INMENT			
30	Adjustment to health issues						ICULTIES			

DEFINITIONS OF COMPLEXITY FACTORS

9. Refugee or Asylum Seeker

CYP has been forced to leave their country to escape war, persecution or natural disaster.

10. Experience of war, torture or trafficking

CYP has witnessed or experienced war, torture or trafficking.

11. Experience of abuse or neglect

CYP has witnessed or experienced physical, emotional, sexual abuse or neglect. Include witnessing of domestic violence.

12. Parental health issues

At least one primary care giver is currently suffering from a diagnosable mental health problem(s), moderate, severe or profound learning disability, significant substance abuse and/or significant physical health issues (e.g. parent/carer in a wheelchair).

13. Contact with Youth Justice System

Current or repeated contact with a Youth Offending Team.

14. Living in financial difficulty

Family is deemed to be in considerable debt or under financial stress requiring local authority assistance to meet basic needs (e.g. CYP is in receipt of free school meals).

CYP N	ame		Practiti	ioner's Na	ime .		Please indicate your reason for completing this form:							
DOB:					Practiti	ioner's ID					· First	Cont	act	
NHS I):				Service	e Allocate	ed Case I	d				nged ation		
Date:	00/00/2000	Time:		h		m						nged erstar	nding	
	Provisional Problem Description Rating need not imply a diagnosis	None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Not known		SELECT COMPL	ED EXITY F	ACTORS	5	les	No	Not known
1	Anxious away from caregivers (Separation anxiety)						1	Looked	after chil	d				
2	Anxious in social situations (Social anxiety/phobia)													
3	Anxious generally (Generalized anxiety)						2	Young	arer stati	15				
4	Compelled to do or think things (OCD)						3	Learnin	g disabili	ty				
5	Panics (Panic disorder)						4	Serious	physical h ng chronio	ealth issu	Jes			
6	Avoids going out (Agoraphobia)													
7	Avoids specific things (Specific phobia)						5	Disorde	e Develop rs (Autism	Asperge	r's)			
8	Repetitive problematic behaviours (Habit problems)						6 Neurological issues (e.g. Tics or Tourette's)							
9	Depression/low mood (Depression)				7 Current protection plan									
10														
	Self-Harm (Self injury or self-harm)						8	of socia	l service i	nput				
11	Extremes of mood (Bipolar disorder)						9	9 Refugee or asylum seeker						
12	Delusional beliefs and hallucinations (Psychosis)						10	Experience of war, torture		e ["				
13	Drug and alcohol difficulties (Substance abuse)						10	or traffi						
14	Difficulties sitting still or concentrating (ADHD/Hyperactivity)						11	Experie or negle	nce of ab ect	use				
15	Behavioural difficulties (CD or ODD)						12	Parenta	l health is	sues				
16	Poses risk to others						10	Contact	t with					
17	Carer management of CYP behaviour (e.g., management of child)						13	Youth J	ustice Sys	tem				
18	Doesn't get to toilet in time (Elimination problems)						14	Living i	n financia	l difficult	ty			
19	Disturbed by traumatic event (PTSD)								CONTE	XTUAL	PROBLE	MS		
20	Eating issues (Anorexia/Bulimia)								None	Mild	Moderate	Sev	ere	Not
21	Family relationship difficulties										w.			known
22	Problems in attachment to parent/carer (Attachment problems)												_	
23	Peer relationship difficulties						W	HOOL, DRK or AINING						
24	Persistent difficulties managing relationships with others (includes emerging personality disorder)													
25	Does not speak (Selective mutism)						SE	RVICE						
26	Gender discomfort issues (Gender identity disorder)						ENGA	RVICE GEMENT						I
27	Unexplained physical symptoms							EDUC	ATION/I	MPLO)	/MENT/1	RAIN	ling	
28	Unexplained developmental difficulties							NDANCE						
29	Self-care Issues										·····			
30	(includes medical care management, obesity) Adjustment to health issues							INMENT CULTIES						

Contextual Problems

Contextual problems are issues presenting in the assessment that are **external** to the CYP and **additional** to the problems and complexity factors already rated. These are rated for impact in four areas: home, school/work/training, community and service engagement.

- Identify Contextual problems relevant to your case and categorise them according to home, school/work/training, community or service engagement problems.
- Consider each domain in turn and rate the extent to which it is impacting on the CYP's functioning and/or distress.
- Consider any non-rated domains and decide whether they are "None" (adequately assessed) or "Not known" (require assessment) – tick to indicate this.

Additional Guidance

Contextual problems should only be considered within an impact rating if they are currently present. That is, they should not be considered if they were only present in the past.

CYP Name					Practitioner's Name Please indicate your reason for completing this form:									
					Practitioner's ID						- First	First Contact		
NHS II	NHS ID:					Service Allocated Case Id						Changed Situation		
											Chan	iged		
Date:	00/00/2000	Time:		h		m					Unde	erstanding] [
	Provisional Problem Description Rating need not imply a diagnosis	None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Not known		SELECTI		ACTORS	Ye	es No	Not known	
1	Anxious away from caregivers (Separation anxiety)						1	Looked	after chil	d				
2	Anxious in social situations (Social anxiety/phobia)						2	Vauna a	arer stati					
3	Anxious generally (Generalized anxiety)						2	roung c	arer stati	15				
4	Compelled to do or think things (OCD)						3	Learning	g disabili	ty				
5	Panics (Panic disorder)						4	Serious p (includin	ohysical h ig chronie	ealth issue fatigue)	25			
6	Avoids going out (Agoraphobia)						5	Pervasive	e Develop	omental /Asperger!	. Г			
7	Avoids specific things (Specific phobia)								gical issu		5) L			
8	Repetitive problematic behaviours (Habit problems)						6	(e.g. Tics	or Toure	tte's)				
9	Depression/low mood (Depression)						7	Current	protectio	on plan				
10	Self-Harm (Self injury or self-harm)						8	Deemed	l "child in service i	need"				
11	Extremes of mood (Bipolar disorder)						9							
12	Delusional beliefs and hallucinations (Psychosis)						9			m seeker				
13	Drug and alcohol difficulties (Substance abuse)						10	Experier or traffic	nce of wa king	ir, torture				
14	Difficulties sitting still or concentrating (ADHD/Hyperactivity)						11	Experier or negle	nce of ab	use				
15	Behavioural difficulties (CD or ODD)						12		health is	SUIPS				
16	Poses risk to others							Contact						
17	Carer management of CYP behaviour (e.g., management of child)						13	Youth Ju	ustice Sys	tem				
18	Doesn't get to toilet in time (Elimination problems)						14	Living in	n financia	l difficulty				
19	Disturbed by traumatic event (PTSD)								CONTE	XTUAL P	ROBLEN	٨s		
20	Eating issues (Anorexia/Bulimia)								None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	Not known	
21	Family relationship difficulties							IOME					KIIUWII	
22	Problems in attachment to parent/carer (Attachment problems)							HOOL,						
23	Peer relationship difficulties							ORK or AINING						
24	Persistent difficulties managing relationships with others (includes emerging personality disorder)													
25	Does not speak (Selective mutism)						SE	RVICE						
26	Gender discomfort issues (Gender identity disorder)						ENGA	AGEMENT						
27	Unexplained physical symptoms								ATION/I	MPLOY	MENT/T	RAINING		
28	Unexplained developmental difficulties							NDANCE ICULTIES						
29	Self-care Issues (includes medical care management, obesity)						ΔΤΤΛ	INMENT						
30	Adjustment to health issues							ICULTIES						

DEFINITIONS OF CONTEXTUAL PROBLEMS

These definitions are for general guidance purposes only and should be considered within an age-appropriate context and with reference to cultural norms where appropriate. The examples given are not exhaustive.

1. Home

Problems in the home environment that are external to the CYP and could affect their psychological wellbeing. This may include crowded housing, homelessness, lack of social support network.

2. School, Work or Training

Problems in the school, work or training environment that are external to the CYP and could affect their psychological wellbeing (e.g. difficulties in communications between home and school, multiple changes of teacher, breakdown in relations between teacher(s) and CYP/family).

3. Community

Problems in the community that are external to the CYP and could affect their psychological wellbeing. This may include street violence, gang intimidation, racial discrimination and difficulties with neighbours.

4. Service Engagement

Difficulties regulating the appropriate level of service engagement. This may include history of multiple or fractured contact with services, difficulties locating care records, difficulties accessing the service and problems engaging the CYP and their family appropriately, need for interpreter.

CYP N	YP Name Practitioner					ioner's Na	ame							ur reason s form:
DOB:					Practitioner's ID							First Contact		
NHS I	D:				Servic	e Allocat	ed Case	ld				Chang		
												Situati Chang	ed	
Date:	00/00/2000	Time:		h(m						Under	standing]
	Provisional Problem Description			1 ¹²		Not		SELECT	ED					Not
	Rating need not imply a diagnosis	None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	known		COMPLI		ACTOR	s	Yes	No	known
1	Anxious away from caregivers (Separation anxiety)						1	Looked	after chil	d				
2	Anxious in social situations (Social anxiety/phobia)						2	Young c	arer statı	15				
3	Anxious generally (Generalized anxiety)							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
4	Compelled to do or think things (OCD)						3	Learning	g disabili	ty				
5	Panics (Panic disorder)						4	Serious p (includin	physical h ig chronic	ealth iss fatigue	ues)			
6	Avoids going out (Agoraphobia)						5	Pervasive	e Develop 's (Autism	mental	ar'c)			
7	Avoids specific things (Specific phobia)								gical issu		-1 3)			
8	Repetitive problematic behaviours (Habit problems)						6	(e.g. Tics	or Toure	tte's)				
9	Depression/low mood (Depression)						7	Current	protectio	on plan				
10	Self-Harm (Self injury or self-harm)						8		d "child in I service i					
11	Extremes of mood (Bipolar disorder)						9							
12	Delusional beliefs and hallucinations (Psychosis)						9		e or asylu					
13	Drug and alcohol difficulties (Substance abuse)						10	Experier or traffic	nce of wa king	r, tortur	e			
14	Difficulties sitting still or concentrating (ADHD/Hyperactivity)						11	Experier or negle	nce of ab	use				
15	Behavioural difficulties (CD or ODD)						12	Parental	health is	sues				
16	Poses risk to others							Contact						
17	Carer management of CYP behaviour (e.g., management of child)						13		ustice Sys	tem				
18	Doesn't get to toilet in time (Elimination problems)						14	Living in	n financia	l difficul	lty			
19	Disturbed by traumatic event (PTSD)								CONTE	XTUAL	PRO	BLEM	5	
20	Eating issues (Anorexia/Bulimia)								None	Mild	Mod	erate	Severe	Not
21	Family relationship difficulties						-							KIIOWII
22	Problems in attachment to parent/carer (Attachment problems)													
23	Peer relationship difficulties						W							
24	Persistent difficulties managing relationships with others (includes emerging personality disorder)						CON							
25	Does not speak (Selective mutism)						SE							
26	Gender discomfort issues (Gender identity disorder)						ENGA	GEMENT						
27	Unexplained physical symptoms								ATION/E	MPLO	YME	NT/TR	AINING	
28	Unexplained developmental difficulties							NDANCE ICULTIES						
29	Self-care Issues (includes medical care management, obesity)						ΔΤΤΛ	INMENT						
30	Adjustment to health issues							ICULTIES			. L.		L	

Education Employment or Training Difficulties

Completion of EET difficulties involves considering whether the CYP has any current difficulties in attendance and/or attainment in school, training or employment.

This involves rating the extent to which any presenting difficulties with attendance and attainment at school or work are **deviating from the optimal performance that might be expected** for that CYP **as determined by current understanding of their abilities.**

- Consider attendance and attainment in turn and rate the extent to which any difficulties identified in your assessment deviate from optimal performance for that CYP.
- Consider any non-rated items and decide whether they are "None" (adequately assessed) or "Not known" (require assessment).

Ratings should be based on **current** attendance and attainment.

CYP N	YP Name Practitioner					ioner's Na	ame							ur reason s form:
DOB:					Practitioner's ID							First Contact		
NHS I	D:				Servic	e Allocat	ed Case	ld				Chang		
												Situati Chang	ed	
Date:	00/00/2000	Time:		h(m						Under	standing]
	Provisional Problem Description			1 ¹²		Not		SELECT	ED					Not
	Rating need not imply a diagnosis	None	Mild	Moderate	Severe	known		COMPLI		ACTOR	s	Yes	No	known
1	Anxious away from caregivers (Separation anxiety)						1	Looked	after chil	d				
2	Anxious in social situations (Social anxiety/phobia)						2	Young c	arer statı	15				
3	Anxious generally (Generalized anxiety)							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
4	Compelled to do or think things (OCD)						3	Learning	g disabili	ty				
5	Panics (Panic disorder)						4	Serious p (includin	physical h ig chronic	ealth iss fatigue	ues)			
6	Avoids going out (Agoraphobia)						5	Pervasive	e Develop 's (Autism	mental	ar'c)			
7	Avoids specific things (Specific phobia)								gical issu		-1 3/			
8	Repetitive problematic behaviours (Habit problems)						6	(e.g. Tics	or Toure	tte's)				
9	Depression/low mood (Depression)						7	Current	protectio	on plan				
10	Self-Harm (Self injury or self-harm)						8		d "child in I service i					
11	Extremes of mood (Bipolar disorder)						9							
12	Delusional beliefs and hallucinations (Psychosis)						9		e or asylu					
13	Drug and alcohol difficulties (Substance abuse)						10	Experier or traffic	nce of wa king	r, tortur	e			
14	Difficulties sitting still or concentrating (ADHD/Hyperactivity)						11	Experier or negle	nce of ab	use				
15	Behavioural difficulties (CD or ODD)						12	Parental	health is	sues				
16	Poses risk to others							Contact						
17	Carer management of CYP behaviour (e.g., management of child)						13		ustice Sys	tem				
18	Doesn't get to toilet in time (Elimination problems)						14	Living in	n financia	l difficul	lty			
19	Disturbed by traumatic event (PTSD)								CONTE	XTUAL	PRO	BLEM	5	
20	Eating issues (Anorexia/Bulimia)								None	Mild	Mod	erate	Severe	Not
21	Family relationship difficulties						-							KIIOWII
22	Problems in attachment to parent/carer (Attachment problems)													
23	Peer relationship difficulties						W							
24	Persistent difficulties managing relationships with others (includes emerging personality disorder)						CON							
25	Does not speak (Selective mutism)						SE							
26	Gender discomfort issues (Gender identity disorder)						ENGA	GEMENT						
27	Unexplained physical symptoms								ATION/E	MPLO	YME	NT/TR	AINING	
28	Unexplained developmental difficulties							NDANCE ICULTIES						
29	Self-care Issues (includes medical care management, obesity)						ΔΤΤΛ	INMENT						
30	Adjustment to health issues							ICULTIES			. L.		L	

DEFINITIONS OF ATTENDANCE AND ATTAINMENT DIFFICULTIES

These definitions are for general guidance purposes only and should be considered within an age-appropriate context and with reference to cultural norms where appropriate. They should also be considered with specific reference to the CYP you're working with (e.g. if the CYP has a learning disability, attendance and attainment should be considered in relation to peers of the same developmental rather than chronological age). The examples given are not exhaustive.

Attendance difficulties							
None No problems noted. As rough guidance, around 1-2 days absence from school per month sho considered as within normal limits.							
Mild Some definite problems. The CYP may be attending part-time or missing several lessons (include: truanting, school refusal or suspension for any cause). As a rough guidance, 1 day of absence per week might be considered here.							
Moderate Marked problems. The CYP may be attending infrequently, or is at high risk of exclusion or dismissa As a rough guidance, the CYP may be absent 2 days per week.							
Severe CYP is out of school the majority of the time (for reasons of truancy, exclusion or refusal) or may be in a Pupil Referral Unit, excluded or not in Education, Employment or Training.							
	Attainment difficulties						
No problems noted. The CYP will be attaining at the optimum age-appropriate level moderate that expected for their known abilities.							
Mild Some problems. For example, if the CYP is in school they may be well below the year least one subject, or have problems with work rate or timekeeping if in employment or							
Moderate Significant problems. If at school they may fail key exams, or be below the year group is subjects. If in employment, they may have received formal warnings about their performance or behaviour.							

For this worked example, some Patient Reported Outcome Measures (PROMs) have been provided; the parent- and CYP self-report versions of the Revised Child Anxiety and Depression Scale (RCADS), which looks at symptoms of anxiety and depression and the parent-report version of the Strengths and Difficulties Questionnaire (SDQ), which is a 25 item emotional and behavioural problem screening questionnaire. Alongside the individual question responses, please consider the summary reports on page 35-36. These explain the clinical significance of the overall SDQ and RCADS scores.

Vignette 1: Matthew

Report from first meeting

Matthew is a 9-year-old boy living with his parents and his 12-year-old sister. At assessment, his parents described him as 'being on the go' most of the time, rarely sitting down or being able to concentrate for long. They also reported that he breaks his toys and swears at them. Fights with his sister are increasing in frequency, now happening on a nearly daily basis, and sometimes involve him hitting her. The sister has started to spend more time on her own in her room rather than sitting in the family room in the evening. Parents report that Matthew has always been "a lively child" but things seem to just be getting worse and worse.

Matthew's mother works part-time and feels drained at the thought of returning home. She says she finds it difficult to discipline Matthew and is feeling at the end of her tether as Matthew "never does as he's told". She feels like Matthew needs constant supervision and avoids taking him out to the shops as his behaviour has been so embarrassing in the past. Matthew's father works long hours and has little involvement in the children's upbringing.

Matthew attends a mainstream school and his teacher says his work is ok and that he is well-liked by other children. Matthew is generally co-operative at school although he can be disruptive at times. The teacher describes him as hyperactive, not sitting still and finding it difficult to register new information, but notes that he is able to function better when the class is working in small work groups. Matthew was able to respond to questions politely and appropriately during the assessment, however he became quite restless when his parents were talking and was very disruptive towards the end of the meeting. Mother became tearful when talking about Matthew's behaviour.

Patient Reported Outcome Measure Reports (Matthew)

Scores above clinical threshold are rated as 'slightly high', 'high' or 'very high'.

Strengths and Difficulties Questionnaire

Parent-report version, completed by mother:

Subscale	Score	Clinical significance of score
Emotional symptoms	0	Below threshold
Conduct problems	5	Above threshold (high)
Hyperactivity/inattention	8	Above threshold (high)
Peer relationship problems	0	Below threshold
Prosocial behaviour	7	Below threshold
Total problems	14	Above threshold
Impact score	4	High

Revised Child Anxiety and Depression Scale (RCADS)

Self-Report version, completed by Matthew:

Subscale	Score	Clinical significance of score
Separation Anxiety	0	Below threshold
Generalized Anxiety	1	Below threshold
Panic	2	Below threshold
Social Phobia	9	Below threshold
Obsessions/Compulsions	0	Below threshold
Depression	6	Below threshold
Total Anxiety	12	Below threshold
Total Anxiety and Depression	18	Below threshold

Parent-Report version, completed by mother:

Subscale	Score	Clinical significance of score
Separation Anxiety	1	Below threshold
Generalized Anxiety	0	Below threshold
Panic	0	Below threshold
Social Phobia	1	Below threshold
Obsessions/Compulsions	0	Below threshold
Depression	7	Below threshold
Total Anxiety	2	Below threshold
Total Anxiety and Depression	9	Below threshold

RCADS

NHS ID: _____

Child/ Young Person's NAME:	Matthew
Relationship to Child/Young Person :	parent
Date: / / / 20	Time: h m

Please put a circle around the word that shows how often each of these things happens to your child. There are no right or wrong answers.

1	My child worries about things	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
2	My child feels sad or empty	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
3	When my child has a problem, he/she gets a funny feeling in his/her stomach	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
4	My child worries when he/she thinks he/she has done poorly at something	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
5	My child feels afraid of being alone at home	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
6	Nothing is much fun for my child anymore	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
7	My child feels scared when taking a test	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
8	My child worries when he/she thinks someone is angry with him/her	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
9	My child worries about being away from me	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
10	My child is bothered by bad or silly thoughts or pictures in his/her mind	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
				_	
11	My child has trouble sleeping	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
12	My child worries about doing badly at school work	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
13	My child worries that something awful will happen to someone in the family	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
	My child suddenly feels as if he/she can't breathe				
14	when there is no reason for this	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
14 15		Never	Sometimes Sometimes	Often Often	Always Always
15	when there is no reason for this My child has problems with his/her appetite	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
	when there is no reason for this				
15	when there is no reason for this My child has problems with his/her appetite My child has to keep checking that he/she has done	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
15 16	when there is no reason for this My child has problems with his/her appetite My child has to keep checking that he/she has done things right (like the switch is off, or the door is locked)	Never	Sometimes Sometimes	Often Often	Always Always
15 16 17	when there is no reason for this My child has problems with his/her appetite My child has to keep checking that he/she has done things right (like the switch is off, or the door is locked) My child feels scared to sleep on his/her own My child has trouble going to school in the mornings	Never Never Never	Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes	Often Often Often	Always Always Always

Γ	21	My child is tired a lot	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
1	22	My child worries that bad things will happen to him/her	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
	23	My child can't seem to get bad or silly thoughts out of his/her head	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
	24	When my child has a problem, his/her heart beats really fast	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
U	25	My child cannot think clearly	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
ſ	26	My child suddenly starts to tremble or shake when there is no reason for this	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
	27	My child worries that something bad will happen to him/her	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
	28	When my child has a problem, he/she feels shaky	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
	29	My child feels worthless	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
Ľ	30	My child worries about making mistakes	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
[31	My child has to think of special thoughts (like numbers or words) to stop bad things from happening	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
	32	My child worries what other people think of him/her	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
L	33	My child is afraid of being in crowded places (like shopping centers, the movies, buses, busy playgrounds)	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
L	34	All of a sudden my child will feel really scared for no reason at all	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
L	35	My child worries about what is going to happen	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
	36	My child suddenly becomes dizzy or faint when there is no reason for this	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
	37	My child thinks about death	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
	38	My child feels afraid if he/she has to talk in front of the class	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
	39	My child's heart suddenly starts to beat too quickly for no reason	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
	40	My child feels like he/she doesn't want to move	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
ſ	41	My child worries that he/she will suddenly get a scared feeling when there is nothing to be afraid of	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
L	42	My child has to do some things over and over again (like washing hands, cleaning, or putting things in a certain order)	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
	43	My child feels afraid that he/she will make a fool of him/herself in front of people	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
	44	My child has to do some things in just the right way to stop bad things from happening	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
	45	My child worries when in bed at night	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
	46	My child would feel scared if he/she had to stay away from home overnight	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
	47	My child feels restless	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always



NHS ID:

Child/ Young Person's NAME:	Matthew
Date: / / / 20	Time: h m

Please put a circle around the word that shows how often each of these things happens to you. There are no right or wrong answers.

1	I worry about things	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
2	I feel sad or empty	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
3	When I have a problem, I get a funny feeling in my stomach	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
4	I worry when I think I have done poorly at something	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
5	I would feel afraid of being on my own at home	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
6	Nothing is much fun anymore	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
7	I feel scared when I have to take a test	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
8	I feel worried when I think someone is angry with me	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
9	I worry about being away from my parent	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
10	I am bothered by bad or silly thoughts or pictures in my mind	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
11	I have trouble sleeping	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
12	I worry that I will do badly at my school work	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
13	I worry that something awful will happen to someone in my family	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
14	I suddenly feel as if I can't breathe when there is no reason for this	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
	reason for this				
15		Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
15		Never		Often	Always
15 16	I have problems with my appetite	Never		Often Often	Always Always
	I have problems with my appetite I have to keep checking that I have done things right (like the switch is off, or the door is locked)		Sometimes		
16	I have problems with my appetite I have to keep checking that I have done things right (like the switch is off, or the door is locked) I feel scared if I have to sleep on my own I have trouble going to school in the mornings	Never	Sometimes Sometimes	Often	Always
16 17	I have problems with my appetite I have to keep checking that I have done things right (like the switch is off, or the door is locked) I feel scared if I have to sleep on my own I have trouble going to school in the mornings because I feel nervous or afraid	Never Never	Sometimes Sometimes Sometimes	Often Often	Always Always

Π	21	I am tired a lot	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
	22	I worry that bad things will happen to me	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
	23	I can't seem to get bad or silly thoughts out of my head	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
		When I have a problem, my heart beats really fast	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
	25	I cannot think clearly	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always

26	I suddenly start to tremble or shake when there is no reason for this	Hever	Sometimes	Often	Always
27	I worry that something bad will happen to me	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
28	When I have a problem, I feel shaky	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
29	I feel worthless	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
30	I worry about making mistakes	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always

31	I have to think of special thoughts (like numbers or words) to stop bad things from happening	Never Sometimes	Often Always
32	I worry what other people think of me	Never Sometimes	Often Always
33	I am afraid of being in crowded places (like shopping centers, the movies, buses, busy playgrounds)	Never Sometimes	Often Always
34	All of a sudden I feel really scared for no reason at all	Never Sometimes	Often Always
35	I worry about what is going to happen	Never Sometimes	Often Always

36	I suddenly become dizzy or faint when there is no reason for this	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
37	I think about death	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
38	I feel afraid if I have to talk in front of my class	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
39	My heart suddenly starts to beat too quickly for no reason	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
40	l feel like l don't want to move	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always

41	I worry that I will suddenly get a scared feeling when there is nothing to be afraid of	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
42	I have to do some things over and over again (like washing my hands, cleaning or putting things in a certain order)	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
43	I feel afraid that I will make a fool of myself in front of people	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
44	I have to do some things in just the right way to stop bad things from happening	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
45	I worry when I go to bed at night	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
46	I would feel scared if I had to stay away from home overnight	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always
47	l feel restless	Never	Sometimes	Often	Always

Strengths and Difficulties Questionnaire

For each item, please mark the box for Not True, Somewhat True or Certainly True. It would help us if you answered all items as best you can even if you are not absolutely certain or the item seems daft! Please give your answers on the basis of the child's behaviour over the last six months.

Child's Name	Matthew	
Date of Birth	age ?	

	Not True	Somewhat True	Certainly True
Considerate of other people's feelings		\checkmark	
Restless, overactive, cannot stay still for long			\checkmark
Often complains of headaches, stomach-aches or sickness	Image: A start of the start		
Shares readily with other children (treats, toys, pencils etc.)			\checkmark
Often has temper tantrums or hot tempers		\checkmark	
Rather solitary, tends to play alone	\checkmark		
Generally obedient, usually does what adults request	\checkmark		
Many worries, often seems worried	\checkmark		
Helpful if someone is hurt, upset or feeling ill		\checkmark	
Constantly fidgeting or squirming			\checkmark
Has at least one good friend			\checkmark
Often fights with other children or bullies them	\checkmark		
Often unhappy, down-hearted or tearful	\checkmark		
Generally liked by other children			\checkmark
Easily distracted, concentration wanders			\checkmark
Nervous or clingy in new situations, easily loses confidence	\checkmark		
Kind to younger children		\checkmark	
Often lies or cheats			\checkmark
Picked on or bullied by other children	\checkmark		
Often volunteers to help others (parents, teachers, other children)			\checkmark
Thinks things out before acting		\checkmark	
Steals from home, school or elsewhere	\checkmark		
Gets on better with adults than with other children	\checkmark		
Many fears, easily scared	\checkmark		
Sees tasks through to the end, good attention span		\checkmark	

Do you have any other comments or concerns?

Please turn over - there are a few more questions on the other side

Male/Female

41

Overall, do you think that your child has a emotions, concentration, behaviour or bei				
	No	Yes- minor difficulties	Yes- definite difficulties	Yes- severe difficulties
If you have answered "Yes", please answ	er the following	questions about	these difficulties:	
• How long have these difficulties been	present?			
	Less than a month	1-5 months	6-12 months	Over a year
				\checkmark
• Do the difficulties upset or distress you	ır child?			
	Not at all	Only a little	Quite a lot	A great deal
	1.1.1.	1.6 . 4 . 6 11		
• Do the difficulties interfere with your of	Not	Only a	Ouite	A great
	at all	little	a lot	deal
HOME LIFE				
FRIENDSHIPS				
CLASSROOM LEARNING				
LEISURE ACTIVITIES			<u><</u>	
• Do the difficulties put a burden on you	or the family as	a whole?		
	Not at all	Only a little	Quite	A great
			a lot	deal
Signature		Date		
Mother/Father/Other (please specify:)	Мит			

Thank you very much for your help

View Vignette 1: Matthew – Completed Current View

Cu	rrent View													
CYP N		d E	x 1)	Practit	ioner's N	ame				Pleas	se indio	cate you ting this	r reason
DOB:	Age 9				Practit	ioner's ID						t Cor		~
	1										Ch	angeo		
NHS II					Servic	e Alloca	ted Case	ld			··· Site	Jatior	n	
Date:	00/00/2000	Time:	\bigcirc			m					Un	angeo dersta	anding	
	Provisional Problem Description	None	Mild	lerate	Severe	Not		SELECT	ED			Yes	No	Not
	Rating need not imply a diagnosis	none	,	Won	Jereie	known		COMPL	EXITY F	ACTORS		ies -	no	known
1	Anxious away from caregivers (Separation anxiety)	✓					1	Looked	after chi	ld			\checkmark	
2	Anxious in social situations (Social anxiety/phobia)	 Image: A start of the start of					2	Young c	arer stat	us			.7	
3	Anxious generally (Generalized anxiety)	\checkmark	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		L		-				L	[¥]	,
4	Compelled to do or think things (OCD)	~					3	Learnin	g disabili	ty			\checkmark	
5	Panics (Panic disorder)	\checkmark					4	Serious (includir	physical h ng chroni	nealth issu c fatigue)	es		\checkmark	
6	Avoids going out (Agoraphobia)	~					5	Pervasiv Disorder	e Develop rs (Autism	omental /Asperger	's)		\checkmark	
7	Avoids specific things (Specific phobia)	V					6	Neurolo	gical issu	Jes			7	
8	Repetitive problematic behaviours (Habit problems)	~				L		-	s or Toure			l		,
9	Depression/low mood (Depression)	✓				L	7	Current	protection	on plan			\checkmark	
10	Self-Harm (Self injury or self-harm)		L	L		\checkmark	8		d "child ir I service i				V	
11	Extremes of mood (Bipolar disorder)	\checkmark					9	Refugee	or asylu	m seeker				m
12	Delusional beliefs and hallucinations (Psychosis)	\checkmark						-				L		
13	Drug and alcohol difficulties (Substance abuse)	\checkmark					10	or traffic	cking	ar, torture			\checkmark	L
14	Difficulties sitting still or concentrating (ADHD/Hyperactivity)			~			11	Experier or negle	nce of ab ect	use			\checkmark	
15	Behavioural difficulties (CD or ODD)			~			12	Parenta	l health i	ssues		T		\checkmark
16	Poses risk to others		\checkmark				13	Contact	with					
17	Carer management of CYP behaviour (e.g., management of child)			✓				Youth Ju	ustice Sys			l	V	
18	Doesn't get to toilet in time (Elimination problems)	\checkmark				L	14	Living ir	n financia	al difficulty	/		✓	
19	Disturbed by traumatic event (PTSD)	\checkmark							CONTE	XTUAL F	ROBL	EMS		
20	Eating issues (Anorexia/Bulimia)	\checkmark							None	Mild	Moderati	٤ Se	evere	Not known
21	Family relationship difficulties			\checkmark				HOME	7	1		r n		
22	Problems in attachment to parent/carer (Attachment problems)					\checkmark		THOOL,						
23	Peer relationship difficulties	\checkmark					- W	ORK or AINING	\checkmark		L			
24	Persistent difficulties managing relationships with others (includes emerging personality disorder)	\checkmark					COI		\checkmark					
25	Does not speak (Selective mutism)	\checkmark					S						-	
26	Gender discomfort issues (Gender identity disorder)	\checkmark					ENG	AGEMENT				TDA		L
27	Unexplained physical symptoms	\checkmark								EMPLOY	WEN I/	TKAI	NING	
28	Unexplained developmental difficulties	\checkmark						ENDANCE ICULTIES						
29	Self-care Issues (includes medical care management, obesity)	\checkmark					ΔΤΤ	AINMENT				1 1		
30	Adjustment to health issues	\checkmark						ICULTIES			L	L L		✓

Vignette 1: Matthew - Explanations of Ratings

PRESENTING PROBLEM	Rating	Explanation
Anxious away from caregivers Anxious in social situations Anxious generally Compelled to do or think things Panics	NONE	No indication from assessment and RCADS indicated no difficulties on separation anxiety, social phobia Generalized anxiety, OCD or panic subscales.
Avoids going out Avoids specific things	NONE	No indication from assessment, although not specifically covered by RCADS or SDQ, no problems attending school and no mention of any specific fears.
Repetitive problematic behaviours	NONE	No indication from assessment and can make a clinical judgement – decision based on presentation, age and prevalence.
Depression	NONE	No indication from assessment and RCADS indicate no difficulties on the major depression scale.
Self-harm	NOT KNOWN	Did not ask in this session but plan to assess at a later date.
Extremes of mood Delusional beliefs and hallucinations	NONE	No indication from assessment. Can make a clinical judgement based on presentation, age and prevalence and low scores on SDQ emotional scale and RCADS major depression scale. Can also make inferences from answers to specific items on RCADS (e.g. 'never' to RCADS questions such as 'can't seem to get bad or silly thoughts out of head').
Drug and alcohol difficulties	NONE	No indication from assessment. Can make a clinical judgement based on the likelihood of this having been mentioned if present, particularly given his age.
Difficulties sitting still or concentrating	MODERATE	Identified positively in two domains (home and school). Noticeable problems during assessment meeting. Not severe because he is able to take part in school and friendships. Moderate level of difficulties indicated by Parent SDQ.
Behavioural difficulties	MODERATE	Difficulties only in one domain (is ok at school), however level of disruption and distress at home is quite high. This is backed up by Parent SDQ scores on behavioural scale.
Poses risk to others	MILD	Only happens in one domain (home). No indication of violence or aggression at school: he 'is well liked by other CYP' – this is unlikely to be the case if his behaviour was violent or aggressive.

PRESENTING PROBLEM	Rating	Explanation
Carer management of CYP behaviour	MODERATE	Moderate due to mother's ongoing distress in several contexts (and increasing avoidance of activities outside the home).
Doesn't get to toilet in time	NONE	No indication from assessment. Can make a clinical judgement in this case – decision based on presentation, age and prevalence.
Disturbed by traumatic event	NONE	No indication from assessment to suggest a trauma has occurred. Although difficulties are progressively worsening, there is no indication of having been a specific event that triggered a chance in behaviour.
Eating issues	NONE	No indication from assessment. Can make a clinical judgement based on appearance, age and prevalence.
Family relationship difficulties	MODERATE	Level of disruption and distress at home are quite high resulting in frequent conflict, upset and avoidance.
Problems in attachment to parent/carer	NOT KNOWN	Not enough information from assessment so may need further query.
Peer relationship difficulties	NONE	No indication of difficulties at school, ('well liked by other children'). No difficulties on Peer problems scale on Parent SDQ.
Persistent difficulties managing relationships with others (includes emerging personality disorder) Selective mutism Gender discomfort	NONE	No indication from assessment. Can make a clinical based on appearance, age and prevalence.
Unexplained physical symptoms Unexplained developmental difficulties Self-care issues Adjustment to health issues	NONE	No indication from assessment. Can make a clinical judgement based on presentation, age and prevalence.

COMPLEXITY FACTORS	Rating	Explanation
Parent Health	NOT KNOWN	Mother appeared stressed and tearful. Further assessment needed.

CONTEXTUAL PROBLEMS	Rating	Explanation
Home	NONE	None identified at assessment — disruption at home appears to surround Matthew's behaviour — only rate here problems that are external to the CYP.
School, work or training	NONE	No indication at assessment. Teacher report that all is 'OK'.
Community	NONE	None identified at assessment, able to make clinical judgment.
Service engagement	NONE	Brought to assessment by parents – no apparent problems accessing service, no other impediments to appropriate levels of service engagement were identified.

EDUCATION/ EMPLOYMENT/ TRAINING	Rating	Explanation
Attendance difficulties	NONE	Not specifically discussed, assumption based on clinical judgement from conversations around school. Mum and Dad both work and did not mention having to stay home often to look after M because he's off school.
Attainment difficulties	NOT KNOWN	Although teacher says work is "OK", it may be that Matthew's concentration difficulties mean he is not achieving his full potential. Reserve judgment until after further assessment.



CAMHS EBPU – The Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services Evidence-Based Practice Unit

CAMHS EBPU, at the Anna Freud Centre and UCL, bridges the worlds of academic research and mental health practice, whether in clinics, schools or elsewhere. We develop and share the latest evidence with mental health professionals who want to reflect on and improve the support they provide to children, young people and their families. Our unit brings together researchers, clinicians, statisticians, graphic designers and trainers. We work with front line practitioners, service users, service managers, commissioners, policy makers and others to improve service provision by shining a light on current practice. The EBPU draws on and contributes to the latest research, and develops practical tools, training and information.

Contact EBPU by email: EBPU@annafreud.org

EBPU website: http://www.ucl.ac.uk/clinical-psychology/EBPU

CORC- CAMHS Outcomes Research Consortium

CORC is a learning collaboration of mental health professionals dedicated to improve the quality of CAMHS nationwide. Every year over a quarter of a million children, young people and their carers attend Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS) in the UK. CORC wants to understand what helps them best. Over 70 member services across the UK and Scandanavia committed to ensuring that young people and their families receive the best help possible. CORC trains CAMHS professionals in how to use outcome data by offering free training to members, consultancy to interested parties and advise to government.

Contact CORC by email: CORC@annafreud.org

CORC website: http://www.corc.uk.net/

CAMHS Payment by Results Pilot Project

CAMHS PbR is funded by DH and will run until late 2014. The aim of the CAMHS PbR project is to develop a system by which payment for CAMHS can be determined according to need, as indicated by resource use and outcomes.

The pilot project involves working with 22 sites across England to gather data and explore how Payment by Results might be implemented for Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services. The data collected from this phase will be analysed to help inform the next phase of the project, which includes the development of an algorithm for clustering.

Contact CAMHS PbR Pilot Project by email: pbrcamhs@annafreud.org

CAMHS PbR website: www.pbrcamhs.org

The Children and Young People's (CYP) IAPT Project

CYP IAPT Project is a Service Transformation Project for Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS). The focus of CYP IAPT is on extending training to staff and service managers in CAMHS and embedding evidence based practice across services, making sure that the whole service, not just the trainee therapists, use session by session outcome monitoring.

CYP IAPT website: http://www.iapt.nhs.uk/cyp-iapt/

